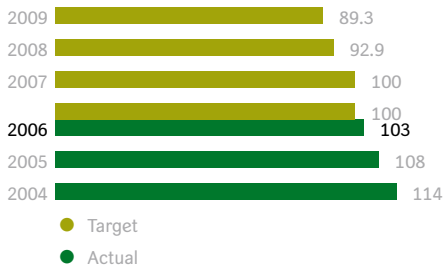
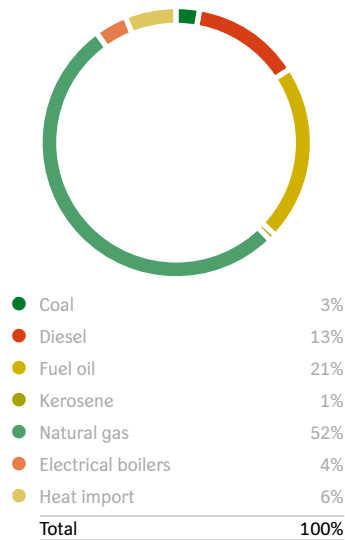


**Specific thermal consumption: breweries and soft drink plants**  
MJ/hl beer and soft drink



**Main energy sources used for heat generation**  
(% of brewery and soft drink plants)



Details about our results for thermal energy, electricity and ozone-layer depleting substances are highlighted in the paragraphs that follow.

**Thermal energy**

Our specific fuel consumption has decreased from 114 MJ per hectolitre in 2004 to 103 MJ per hectolitre in 2006. This total is just above our target of 100 MJ per hectolitre for 2006. However, we achieved 79 percent of our targeted improvement. Reduction of specific fuel consumption is mainly caused by replacement of equipment or improvement in the utilisation of our breweries. As examples of the first, a new brewhouse in Nizhny Novgorod, Russia, reduced energy consumption and in Bujumbura, Burundi, a new bottling line was installed. A total of 25 sites achieved an explicit improvement in efficiency (sites that reported an increase in production of more than 20 percent).

The amount of direct CO<sub>2</sub> emissions related to the use of fossil fuels decreased from 7.65 kg CO<sub>2</sub> per hectolitre in 2004 to 6.72 kg CO<sub>2</sub> per hectolitre in 2006. This decrease is mainly the result of the reduction in fuel consumption. In addition, a small change in the energy sources used for heat production also contributed to the reduction.